

## Doon Public School Bhuj

**Class:V**

**English**

**Dear students**

- After watching the videos, I hope you must have understood the meaning and types of pronouns. Write the below work in your English notebook after receiving it checked from school.

### **Pre-Mid Term**

**Classwork**

**02/07/2020**

**Pronouns**

Pronoun is a word that takes place of a noun. Pronouns are words like I, me, they, we, he, etc

Types of pronouns:-

1. Possessive pronouns:- Eg- mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, etc
2. Reflexive pronouns:- Eg- myself, yourself, himself, ourself, etc
3. Relative pronouns:- Eg- Who, whose, whom, where, etc
4. Demonstrative pronouns:- Eg- this, that, these, those
5. Interrogative pronouns:- Eg- who, what, how, why, where, etc

## Dear students

- Now, Firstly try to complete the grammar work of Pronouns in your English Worksheet booklet from Page no-11 and 16 on your own and then take help of the answer key given below to check your answers.

### Pronouns

**Pronouns** are words that are used in place of nouns.

**Possessive Pronoun** - When pronouns express belonging or ownership, they are in possessive case.

E.g. 1. The books are mine.

2. This pencil is yours.

#### Q1. Complete the sentences using suitable possessive pronouns.

1. This book belongs to me. It is mine.
2. This is Reshma's note. It is hers.
3. The crayon box belongs to the children. It is theirs.
4. Choose any flavour of ice-cream you want. The choice is yours.
5. My sister and I have two pet turtles. The turtles are ours.

#### Q2. Underline the correct pronouns.

1. This is (my , mine ) umbrella; it is not ( your , yours ).
2. He has forgotten his pen, so I have lent him (my , mine ).
3. I know (her, hers ) address, but she doesn't know (my , mine ).

4. This is ( their , theirs ) flat and that is ( our , ours ).
5. ( Your , Yours ) dress looks prettier than ( her , hers ).

**Q3. Complete the following sentences using a possessive pronoun:**

1. The book he lent me to read was his.
2. His shirt is white and so is mine.
3. You didn't study. My ranks are higher than yours.
4. She is reading my book. She lost hers.
5. That cottage is mine.

**Reflexive pronouns** are mostly used to show that the doer of an action is also the receiver or object of the action verb. Such words also help us to put emphasis on the doer. E.g. - himself, ourselves, herself, myself, etc.

**Q4. Fill in the blanks with reflexive pronouns:**

1. We shut ourselves in the room for a week.
2. God helps those who help themselves.
3. I hope you like the card. I have made it myself.
4. You must ask yourself the same question.
5. I forced myself to keep quiet.
6. We are sorry for being rude. We couldn't control ourselves.

7. Vinay covered himself with a sheet.
8. We amused ourselves with songs and jokes.
9. The officer himself ran after the thief.
10. Renu sat by herself on the terrace.

**Relative Pronouns** :The words like 'who', 'which', 'that', 'whose' are called relative pronouns. 'Who' is used for persons. 'whose' is usually used for persons, but it can also be used for other nouns. We use 'which' and 'that' for things.

**Q5. Fill in the blanks with 'who', 'which', 'whose' or 'that'.**

1. Jane is the girl whose brother is a champion.
2. He has written a story, which has been published.
3. Gangtok was the first hill station which we visited.
4. We got into the bus that goes to Indore.
5. The car which collided with a van was badly damaged.
6. The man who is wearing a pink shirt is my teacher.
7. The teacher called the students whose average marks were low.
8. The watch that I bought last year is not working now.
9. The deer which was killed was carried to

the village.

10. All that she spoke was relevant to the topic.

**Demonstrative pronouns** point out the nouns to which they refer. This, that, these, and those are demonstrative pronouns.

**Q6. Fill in the blanks using demonstrative pronouns.**

1. Here, this is the book that you had asked me to get for you.
2. These are the names of the selected children : Neha, Ashok, and Milind.
3. Do you see the fields over there? Those are mine.
4. This is a list of items to be purchased.
5. They asked me to jump over a chair. That was difficult for me.
6. A large number of those people standing there are illiterate.
7. This sari is lovely.
8. Aren't these flowers lovely?
9. These classrooms are full of tiny chairs.
10. This jeans fits me well.

**Interrogative pronouns** are pronouns that introduce questions. They include the words who, whom, which, whose, and what.

**Q7. Complete the sentences using interrogative pronouns:**

1. Whom did you see climbing the wall?
2. What did you put in the box?
3. I have a blue toothbrush. Which is yours?
4. Who tells you all the stories?
5. Whom did you invite to the party?
6. Who is at the door?
7. What is the name of you sister?
8. Which coat is yours?
9. Who made noise in the class?
10. What shall we do now?
11. Whose bag is that?
12. What do you want to see?
13. What is better, health or wealth?
14. What shall we do now?
15. What do you prefer, milk or tea?

